Pet Restraint Techniques & Pain Management Notesheet *by C. Kohn*

Name: Block: Date:

**Directions**: use the accompanying PowerPoint (<http://bit.ly/pet-restraint>) to complete the questions below. This sheet will be due upon the completion of the PowerPoint in class.

1. Basic restraint is vital towards hundreds of dog and cat conditions
2. In any situation they ensure that you can safely your animal without

causing
3. Signs of pain in dogs and cats can be pretty . Animals that didn’t hide signs of

injury were more likely to be .
4. Dogs tend to be more and may , a

hurt paw, or . Cats more often simply .
5. List 5 other signs that an animal may be in pain:
6. What are three reasons why you should never give pain medication to a pet?
7. What are 4 pain relief treatments that can safely be used with pets?
8. What are the three purposes of humane restraint?
9. Why should muzzle be used even if the dog never bites?
10. What should be used instead of a muzzle for a short-nosed dog or for a cat?

*Describe how to make this:*
11. If you do not have a muzzle, what household item(s) can be used?
12. Describe how to properly apply a muzzle:
13. Each form of restraint works best for a specific type of . The selected technique

should leave the area for treatment. If possible, have

one person the animal while another performs the .
14. It is best to place small pets on a or so that they are at waist

level…this can prevent you from too much on an injured body

part. Medium or large dogs are best treated on the a long fall could worsen a serious injury.
15. Draw or describe the reclining restraint below:
16. Draw or describe the stretch restraint below:
17. Draw or describe the hugging restraint below:
18. Draw or describe the kneeling restraint below:
19. Describe two situations in which an Elizabethan collar might be necessary:
20. What two things must you measure to make an Elizabethan color?